

# Department of Psychology Contemporary Theories in Psychology Psychology 405 (L01) – Winter 2009

<u>Class Location:</u> SH 280 <u>Lecture Day/Time:</u> TR 17:00 (75 min)

**Instructor:** Dr. Hank Stam **Office:** Admin 251C

**Phone:** 220-5683 **Office Hours:** TR 2:00-3:00 (or by apptmnt)

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# **Course Description and Goals**

This course will focus on two interrelated sets of issues: (a) a critical examination of selected major theories and systems in twentieth century psychology, and (b) the development of new theory and methods of inquiry that have evolved from the critiques of these theories. In the process of examining these issues we will discuss the nature of science and psychology's place in science, and such concepts as theory, explanation, reductionism, determinism, intentionality and agency.

To emphasize theory is not to disparage research but to examine the presumed goal of all scientific activity, namely the development of theoretical statements which have as their aim either explanation (that is, they are 'true' statements about the world) or a pragmatic function (they allow the user to do things in the world not possible without the theory). Further, we will examine the questions that have been asked about the relationship between data and theory in science generally and in psychology in particular.

The course will then attempt to understand the relationship between explanations that work at different levels. Is a biological (physiological/neurological) explanation preferred over a psychological one? Is a cognitive or a behavioral explanation a 'true' explanation? Are 'explanations' preferred over 'reasons' in psychology? Is data more important than theory, or is theory required so that we can 'see' the data? All of these questions take place in a social and historical context that will be discussed as the course proceeds.

What then of particular theoretical claims in psychology? We will examine some foundational topics to evaluate the nature of knowledge claims about these topics and the different ways of evaluating these claims.

Note that in this course we will be following a <u>problem based</u> approach. This means that the lectures, readings, class discussions, as well as your own background and knowledge and your use of other sources such as libraries and the web are all resources for you to solve a set of classic problems in psychology. Of course, these are not problems that are amenable to easy solutions but instead are the problems that form the center of debates and discussions in contemporary theoretical work. The aim of this course is to provide you with the understanding of fundamental problems in psychological theory and to provide you with the tools to seek out possible solutions. I have divided the course into roughly seven major problem areas that we will cover in turn (see the Timetable). These are: 1. Foundations & Science, 2. Reductionism and Determinism, 3.

Behaviorism, 4. Functionalism, 5. Cognitivism, 6. Evolution, 7. Human development and sociality, 8. Abnormality and Culture, 9. Meaning and Language, 10. Reflexivity and research practices.

## **University of Calgary Curriculum Objectives**

This course is directly relevant to the core competencies. We will be engaged in addressing theoretical frameworks that form the foundations of critical and creative thinking in the discipline and that are focused on the analysis of problems at a foundational level. Much of this will require exposure to and mastery of abstract reasoning. The evaluations you will complete are designed to require you to engage in effective communication strategies and to require that you gather and organize information from diverse sources. It is expected that this course will generate insight into the production and maintenance of knowledge in psychology and will enhance your interpretive and assessment skills with respect to the evaluation of knowledge claims.

## **Required Readings**

For this course you will need a required package of readings and one textbook:

- 1. The readings for the course will be available on the web or will be available electronically through the library. There will be no need to purchase them. The reading list will be posted on Blackboard before the first class.
- 2. There is one textbook:

Dupré, J. (2001). Human nature and the limits of science. Oxford.

I will be posting Powerpoint notes, readings and information on where to obtain readings that are on the web in addition to any announcements on Blackboard (see blackboard.ucalgary.ca to log in).

#### **Evaluation**

- 3 Mini-Papers, 2 Term-Tests and a Final Exam.
- I. Three Mini-papers: due as outlined below:
  - 1. Tuesday, February 3 (10%)
  - 2. Tuesday, March 10 (12%)
  - 3. Tuesday, April 7 (12%)

Your paper will address the questions outlined in the attached course timetable. The first minipaper is worth only 10% of your final grade, a chance to get warmed up to this kind of assignment. The second is worth 12% and third is worth 12% each. In total, this means that your papers add up to 34% of your total grade.

In grading your papers I will be looking for the following: (a) clarity of language use and presentation, writing style and overall format and (b) the content of the argument or case you make, its relationship to the literature you cite and the general strength of your case. 'Strength' can mean

both logical structure and rhetorical force; this will depend in part on how you are answering a question. In general, (a) and (b) here are, metaphorically, like 'artistic impression' and 'technical merit' in figure skating competitions (I have borrowed this metaphor from Dr. Marini in Education). By having you write multiple papers and tests (instead of one large one) the assessment ought to approach validity and reliability.

Use current material from the literature. This you can find in volumes of journals such as <a href="Psychological Review">Psychological Review</a>, <a href="Brain and Behavioral Sciences">Behavioral Sciences</a>, <a href="American Psychologist">American Psychologist</a>, <a href="Canadian Psychology">Canadian Psychology</a>, <a href="Theory of Social Behaviour">Theory & Psychology</a>, <a href="Psychology">Philosophical Psychology</a>, <a href="Journal for the Theory of Social Behaviour">Journal for the Theory of Social Behaviour</a>, <a href="Canadian Psychology">Cognition</a>, or other major publications which are available in our library or occasionally, on the web. Beware of the quality of web-based materials. If you are writing a paper with an historical emphasis, use original sources. Ask me if you are uncertain about an article or a journal. Your papers should be approximately 1,000 words in length, maximum, or about 4 typed, double-spaced pages - they can be shorter, depending on how well you present your case. I expect typed work in all instances.

You can be late with one of the three papers (3 days maximum) without asking me or requiring permission. More than one late will require an excuse or I will deduct 1 point-per-day for lateness.

Please note that, despite the use of Blackboard and other web resources, I will not accept papers that are sent to me electronically. It is difficult and tedious to grade material on a computer screen and therefore I will only accept hard copies of your papers.

- II. <u>Two term-tests:</u> These tests will consist of very short answer questions based on the readings and lecture material (16% and 20% for a total of 36%).
  - 1. Thursday, February 10
  - 2. Tuesday, March 17
- III. <u>In class Final Exam:</u> On Thursday, April 16 you will receive a list of about 10 questions. Some of these questions will appear on the in-class, Registrar Scheduled, final exam. (<u>value is 30%</u>).

Style: In writing your papers you must use the style of the American Psychological Association (see the *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association*, Fifth Edition, 2001). Pay particular attention to the referencing system and the "Guidelines to Reduce Bias in Language," pages 61-76 of the manual. Document every idea that is not commonplace by reference to the source from which you obtained it. If in doubt, consult the Publication Manual.

## **Grading Scale**

A+	96-100%	$\mathrm{B}+$	80-84%	C+	67-71%	D+	54-58%
A	90-95%	В	76-79%	C	63-66%	D	50-53%
A-	85-89%	B-	72-75%	C-	59-62%	F	0-49%

As stated in the University Calendar, it is at the instructor's discretion to round off either upward or downward to determine a final grade when the average of term work and final examinations is between two letter grades. To determine final letter grades, final percentage grades will be rounded up or down to the nearest whole percentage (e.g., 89.5% will be rounded up to 90% = A but 89.4% will be rounded down to 89% = A-).

## Reappraisal of Grades

A student who feels that a piece of graded term work (e.g., term paper, essay, test) has been unfairly graded, may have the work re-graded as follows. The student shall discuss the work with the instructor within 15 days of being notified about the mark or of the item's return to the class. If not satisfied, the student shall immediately take the matter to the Head of the department offering the course, who will arrange for a reassessment of the work within the next 15 days. The reappraisal of term work may cause the grade to be raised, lowered, or to remain the same. If the student is not satisfied with the decision and wishes to appeal, the student shall address a letter of appeal to the Dean of the faculty offering the course within 15 days of the unfavourable decision. In the letter, the student must clearly and fully state the decision being appealed, the grounds for appeal, and the remedies being sought, along with any special circumstances that warrant an appeal of the reappraisal. The student should include as much written documentation as possible.

#### Plagiarism and Other Academic Misconduct

Intellectual honesty is the cornerstone of the development and acquisition of knowledge and requires that the contribution of others be acknowledged. Consequently, plagiarism or cheating on any assignment is regarded as an extremely serious academic offense. Plagiarism involves submitting or presenting work in a course as if it were the student's own work done expressly for that particular course when, in fact, it is not. Students should examine sections of the University Calendar that present a Statement of Intellectual honesty and definitions and penalties associated with Plagiarism/Cheating/Other Academic Misconduct.

#### **Academic Accommodation**

It is the student's responsibility to request academic accommodations. If you are a student with a documented disability who may require academic accommodation and have not registered with the Disability Resource Centre, please contact their office at 220-8237. Students who have not registered with the Disability Resource Centre are not eligible for formal academic accommodation. You are also required to discuss your needs with your instructor no later than 14 days after the start of this course.

#### **Absence From A Test/Exam**

Makeup tests/exams are NOT an option without an official University medical excuse (see the University Calendar). A completed Physician/Counselor Statement will be required to confirm absence from a test/exam for health reasons; the student will be required to pay any cost associated with this Statement. Students who miss a test/exam

have 48 hours to contact the instructor and to schedule a makeup test/exam. Students who do not schedule a makeup test/exam with the instructor within this 48-hour period forfeit the right to a makeup test/exam. At the instructor's discretion, a makeup test/exam may differ significantly (in form and/or content) from a regularly scheduled test/exam. Except in extenuating circumstances (documented by an official University medical excuse), a makeup test/exam must be written within 2 weeks of the missed test/exam.

## **Course Credits for Research Participation**

Students in most psychology courses are eligible to participate in Departmentally approved research and earn credits toward their final grades. A maximum of two credits (2%) per course, including this course, may be applied to the student's final grade. Students earn 0.5% (0.5 credits) for each full 30 minutes of participation. The demand for timeslots may exceed the supply in a given term. Thus, students are not guaranteed that there will be enough studies available to them to meet their credit requirements. Students should seek studies early in the term and should frequently check for open timeslots. Students can create an account and participate in Departmentally approved research studies at <a href="http://ucalgary.sona-systems.com">http://ucalgary.sona-systems.com</a>. The last day to participate in studies and to assign or reassign earned credits to courses is **April 16, 2009.** 

### **Student Organizations**

Psychology students may wish to join the Psychology Undergraduate Students' Association (PSYCHS). They are located in Administration 170 and may be contacted at 220-5567.

**Student Union VP Academic:** Phone: 220-3911 <u>suvpaca@ucalgary.ca</u>

Student Union Faculty Rep.: Phone: 220-3913 <u>socialscirep@su.ucalgary.ca</u>

#### **Important Dates**

The last day to drop this course and still receive a fee refund is **January 23, 2009**. The last day to withdraw from this course is **April 17, 2009**.

#### **MINI-PAPERS**

1. Find one experimental or empirical study in any of the journals of the American Psychological Association (do <u>not</u> use any other journals) from <u>2007-2009</u> only (a regular article in one of the journals listed below, not a short-report, a review article <u>or any other non-empirical paper</u>). Failure to follow these instructions will mean I will not read your paper. Your article should be an analysis of the way in which a reductive strategy has been used. That is, some very ordinary phenomenon (e.g., feeling sad) has been transformed into a scientific object (e.g., depression) using some set of tools. Evaluate this research study from the perspective of our class discussion and the readings. Note any distinctions between 'fact' and 'data' or between 'theory' and 'data'. How are the data produced, how are they made 'visible', how are they turned into a theoretical product? Finally, how is the entire article produced as a piece of 'science'? Attach a copy of the article to your paper.

<u>Due</u>: Thursday, February 3.

- 2. Find a <u>research</u> article in any standard psychology journal that is explicitly cognitivist or explicitly on consciousness. Evaluate cognitivism or the problem of consciousness by writing a brief review of that article. Develop a clear argument in your paper. Demonstrate the way that the functional nature of cognitive arguments or work on consciousness is elaborated in this paper. You may use historical examples or contemporary ones for this mini-paper but it must be a <u>research</u> article in an academic journal. Be sure to attach a copy of the article to your paper. Due: Tuesday, March 10.
- 3. Coin a new term (a neologism) to describe a new or different phenomenon not typically described or discussed in psychology, or a new angle on an old problem. Write a mini-theory describing this phenomenon. You should develop a clear argument in your paper. I will be posting several examples of good papers from previous years on Blackboard.

OR:

Due: Tuesday, April 7.

Alternatively, for this particular project you may choose a group project with up to 3 people but you will still have to hand in an individual paper. The group can take a familiar problem in psychology and design a new theory. The theory must have obvious methodological or practical implications. To do this particular project you will need to have a meeting with me as a group before I approve it <u>prior to the end of February</u>.

List of APA journals for Assignment 1 (only) – your article must come from this list, any other source will be disallowed!

Behavioral Neuroscience: Developmental Psychology; JEP: Learning, Memory, and Cognition

Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology;

Health Psychology;

Journal of Abnormal Psychology; Journal of Applied Psychology; Journal of Comparative Psychology;

Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology;

Journal of Counseling Psychology;

Educational Psychology;

Journal of Experimental Psychology (JEP):

Animal Behavior Processes; JEP: Applied; JEP: General JEP: Human Perception and Performance

Journal of Family Psychology

Journal of Personality and Social Psychology

Neuropsychology

Professional Psychology: Research and Practice

Psychological Assessment Psychological Methods

Psychology and Aging; Journal of Psychology, Public Policy, and Law.

# Timetable - Psychology 405, Winter 2009

Week 1 (January 13, 15): Rhetoric and Language - Theories and Facts.

Week 2 (January 20 & 22): Foundations of science, psychological and otherwise.

Week 3 (January 27 & 29): Reductionism: Brains and stuff.

Week 4 (February 3 & 5): Reductionism and Determinism: Physics Envy

Week 5 (February 10 & 12): Behaviorism and its demise [Feb. 12, Term Test I]

Reading Week: February 14 - February 22

Week 6 (February 24 & 26): Functionalism, Cognitivism & Consciousness: If I can drive a car why can't I explain how it works?

Week 7 (March 3 & 5): Evolutionary Theory

Week 8 (March 10 & 12): Human development and sociality

Week 9 (March 17 & 19): Abnormality and Culture [March 18, Term test II]

Week 10 (March 24 & 26): Meaning and Language

Week 11 (March 31 & April 2): Social mind and the problem of socio-rationalism

Week 12 (April 7 & 9): Talk in Action; Action in Talk!

Week 13 (April 14 & 16): Returning to fundamental questions

April 16, Questions for Final Exam distributed.